

SPH20120D1

1200V Silicon Carbide Diode

Features

- 1200-Volt Schottky Rectifier
- Shorter recovery time
- High-speed switching possible
- High-Frequency Operation
- Temperature-Independent Switching Behavior
- Extremely Fast Switching
- Positive Temperature Coefficient on VF

Benefits

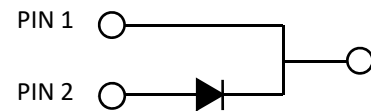
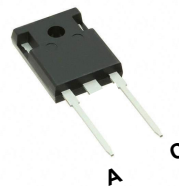
- Higher safety margin against overvoltage
- Improved efficiency all load conditions
- Increased efficiency compared to Silicon Diode alternatives
- Reduction of Heat Sink Requirements
- Parallel Devices Without Thermal Runaway
- Essentially No Switching Losses

Applications

- Switch Mode Power Supplies
- Power Factor Correction
- Motor Drives
- HID Lighting

Package

Type : TO-247-2Lead



Absolute Maximum Ratings

$T_c = 25^\circ\text{C}$ unless otherwise noted

Symbol	Parameter	SPH20120D1	Units
VRRM	Repetitive Peak Reverse Voltage	1200	V
VRSM	Surge Peak Reverse Voltage	1200	V
VDC	DC Blocking Voltage	1200	V
IF	Continuous Forward Current @Tc=25°C @Tc=125°C @Tc=137°C	53 27 20	A
IFRM	Repetitive Peak Forward Surge Current @TC=25°C, tP = 10 ms, Half Sine Wave	100	A
IFSM	Non-Repetitive Peak Forward Surge Current @TC=25°C, tP = 10 ms, Half Sine Wave	140	A
Ptot	Power Dissipation @Tc=25°C @Tc=110°C	258 112	W
TJ , Tstg	Operating Junction and Storage Temperature	-55 to +175	°C

Electrical Characteristics

$T_C = 25^\circ \text{C}$ unless otherwise noted

Symbol	Test Conditions	Test Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
VF	Forward Voltage(Per Lag)	IF=10A, TC=25° C IF=10A, TC=175° C	-	1.5 2.2	1.8 3.0	V
IR	Reverse Current	VR=1200V, TC=25° C VR=1200V, TC=175° C	-	2 20	5 40	μA
QC	Total Capacitive Charge	VR =600V, IF =10A TJ = 25° C $Q_c = \int_0^{V_r} C(V) dv$	-	95	-	nC
C	Total Capacitance	VR =0V, TJ = 25° C, f=1MHz VR =400V, TJ = 25° C, f=1MHz VR =600V, TJ = 25° C, f=1MHz	-	2010 120 97	-	pF
EC	Capacitance Stored Energy	VR=600V	-	28.6	-	μJ

Thermal Characteristics

Symbol	Parameter	Typ	Unit
RθJC	Thermal Resistance from Junction to Case	0.58	°C/W

Typical Characteristics

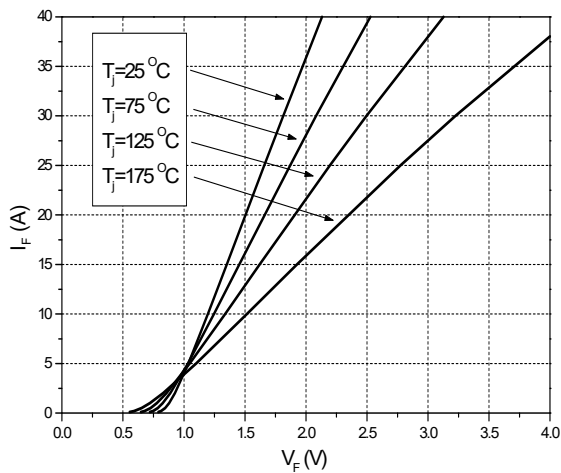


Figure 1. Forward Characteristics

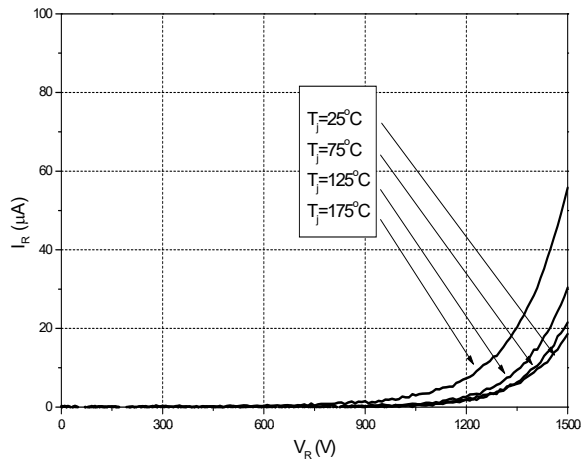


Figure 2. Reverse Characteristics

Typical Characteristics

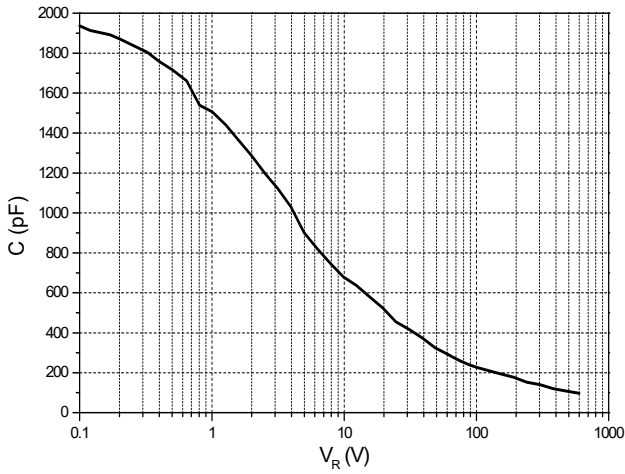


Figure 3. Capacitance vs. Reverse Voltage

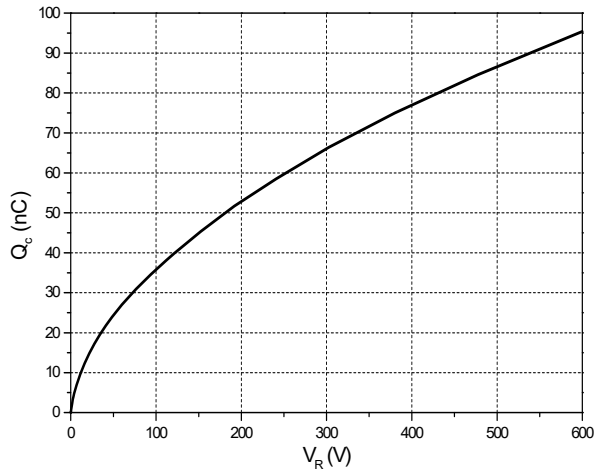


Figure 4. Total Capacitance Charge vs. Reverse Voltage

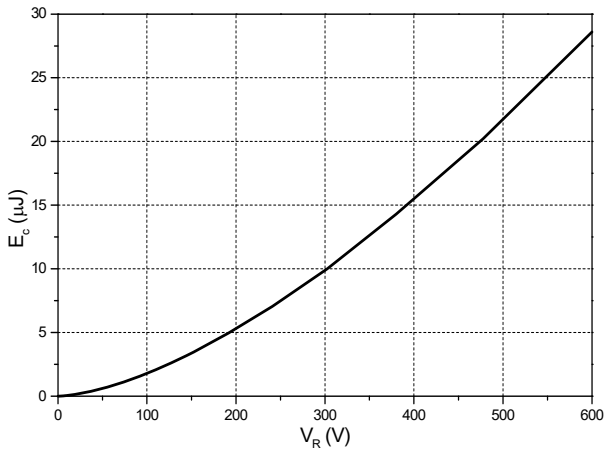


Figure 5. Capacitance Stored Energy

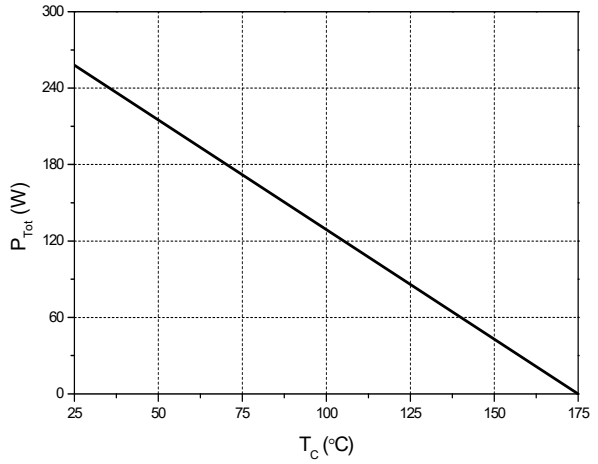


Figure 6. Power Derating

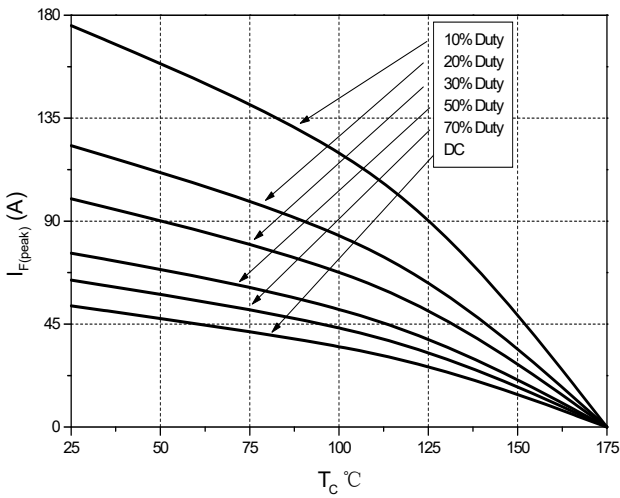


Figure 7. Current Derating